Diagnostic of plant pathogens in the early stage by using deep learning algorithms for different image types

PhD Thesis

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The author

The author

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 - Geneticist



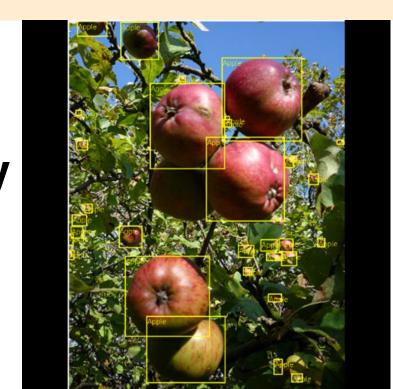
The author

- PhD Student,
 - PhD candidate,



- ex Rezekne Academy of Technologies
 - (Riga Technical University Rezekne)
- Doctoral Programme in Sociotechnical Modelling

 For example <u>apples</u> are among the most widely grown and economically important fruit species worldwide and in Baltics;



 Scab disease caused by fungi is economically the most important disease worldwide for apples;



 Due to environmental and food safety concerns, high adaptation ability of pathogens to applied fungicides as well as cost-effectiveness requirements, the need for changes in growing strategies

 It is important to detect apple scab in the early stage of disease development.



Scientific novelty

Scientific novelty

 The Aim is to develop <u>artificial</u> intelligence solutions for different plant pathogen detection in the early stage of disease development, which can be applied for <u>precise horticulture</u> to make preventive diagnosis of apple trees.

Scientific novelty

- Objectives:
 - to collect and annotate dataset with natural images of plant diseases in the early stage of disease development;
 - to train artificial intelligence for phatogene early detection.

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Practical significance

Practical significance

 The proposed approach enhances early stage diagnosis of plant pathogens by using deep learning algorithms across diverse image types.

Practical significance

 This contributes to improved precision in plant disease identification, enabling timely intervention and reducing reliance on pesticeds treatments.

Practical significance

As a result, the method supports
 sustainable agricultural practices and
 strengthens food security through
 precise horticulture.

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Object of the study

Object of the study

 The object of the study is the application of artificial intelligence—specifically deep learning algorithms—in the field of agricultural diagnostics.

Subject of the study

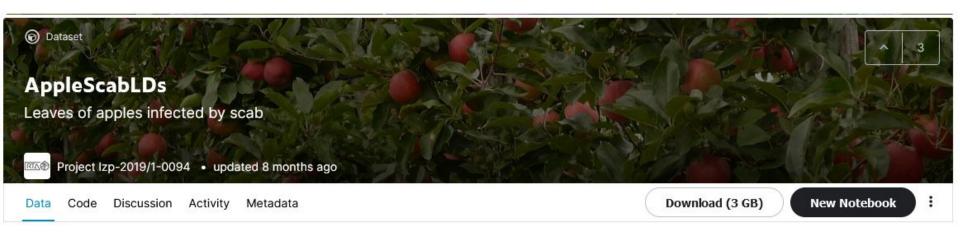
Subject of the study

 The subject of the study is the development and evaluation of deep learning-based image analysis methods using different types of image data for early-stage detection of plant pathogens.

AppleScabFDs - apple images with scab



AppleScabLDs - apple images with scab

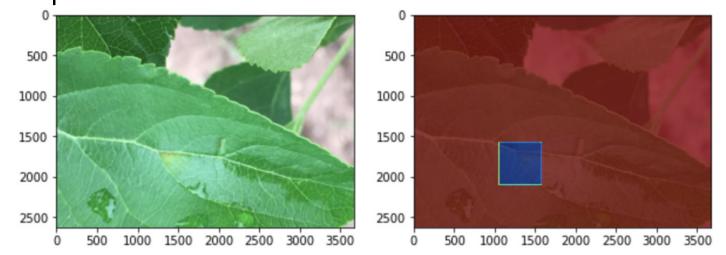


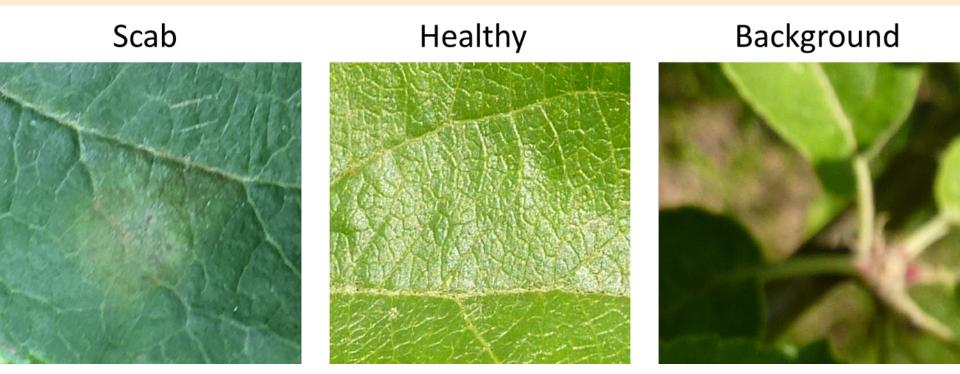
- AppleScabLDs
 - dataset pictures were grouped by apple scab stages;
 - land II stage of apple scab pictures;

DatasetScablmages525x525;

- Reduced size from 3024x4032 pixels to 2625x3675 pixels (Divides by 512);
- Validated by expert;
- Classified in 3 classes: Healthy, Scab, Background

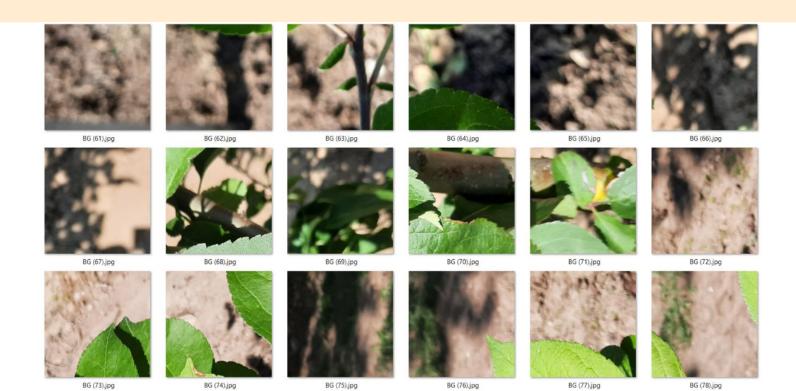
5x7 grid of pictures (Sliding window), 512 x
512 pixels;



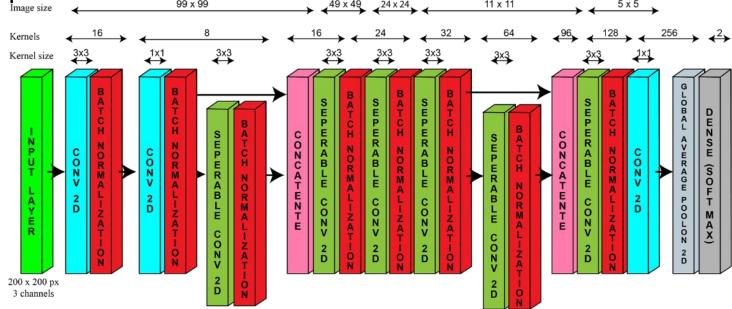






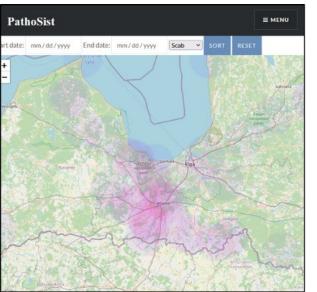


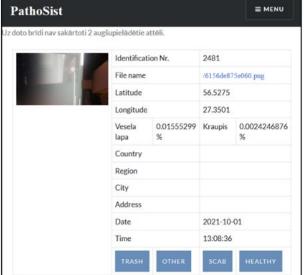
Optimized MobileNetv2 architecture;



- Convolution Neural Network prototype:
 - Suitable data sets:
 - Earth's Mover Distance method;
 - Transfer Learning;
 - iFood251X -> Flowers -> Plant Pathology 2020 -> eScab

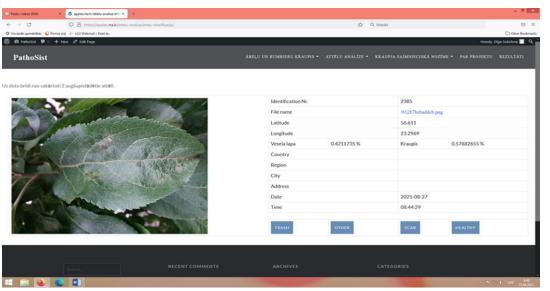
Crowdsourcing system



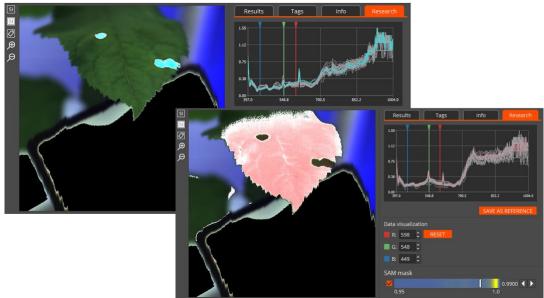


PathoSi	ist		≡ MENU
Unsorted	Browse	Note: Supported image format: .jpeg, .jpg, .png, .gif	
Scab	Browse	Note: Supported image format: .jpeg, .jpg, .png, .gif	
Other	Browse	Note: Supported image format: .jpeg, .jpg, .png, .gif	
Healthy	Browse	Note: Supported image format: .jpeg, .jpg, .png, .gif	
Nesakārto	oti Kopējais skaits attēlu datu kopā ir 9 un izmēris ir 9 MB	ARHIVĒ	LEJUPIE
Kraupis	Kopējais skaits attēlu datu kopā ir 670 un izmēris ir 972 MB	ARHIVĒ	LEJUPIE
Veseli	Kopējais skaits attēlu datu kopā ir 822 un izmēris ir 1.18 GB	ARHIVÊ	LEJUPIE
Citi	Kopējais skaits attēlu datu kopā ir 520 un izmēris ir 737 MB	ARHIVĒ	LEJUPIE

Expert validation

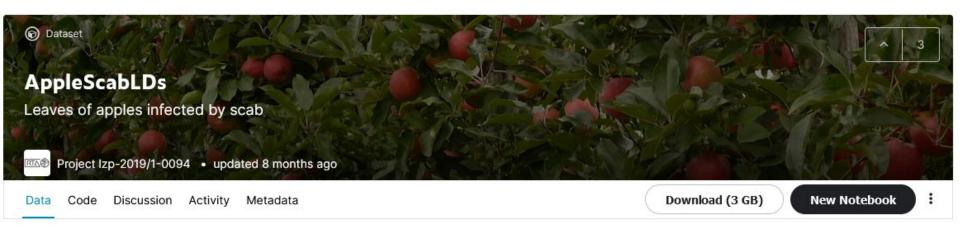


Repeat with hyperspectral images



Results

AppleScabLDs:



- AppleScabLDs:
 - Healthy leaves
 - 207 files
 - Scab infected leaves
 - 983 files

- AppleScabLDs:
 - \circ +
 - Classified images by experts;
 - Different **stages** of apple Scab;
 - Different conditions;

- AppleScabLDs:
 - O -
 - More files;
 - No Even distribution;
 - No stage separation

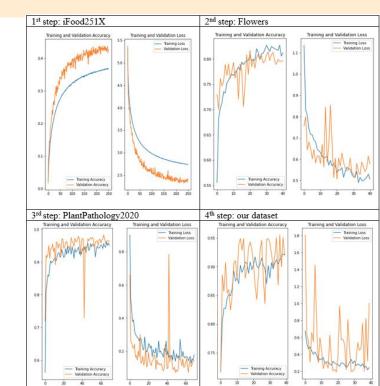
DatasetScablmages525x525:



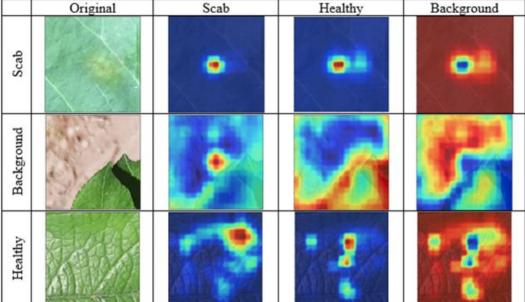
- DatasetScablmages525x525:
 - Classified in 3 classes;
 - Stage separation;
 - Reduced file size;
 - Reduced background noise;
 - Still adding images;

- DatasetScabImages525x525:
 - Large Dataset;
 - Background (1,513 files);
 - Healthy (768 files);
 - Scab (700);
 - Even distribution;

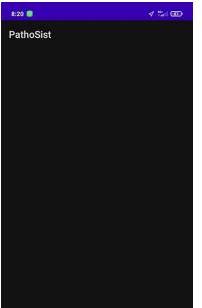
- Convolution Neural Network prototype:
 - Total accuarcy 96 %
 - o Cohen's Kappa 91 %



Convolution Neural Network prototype:



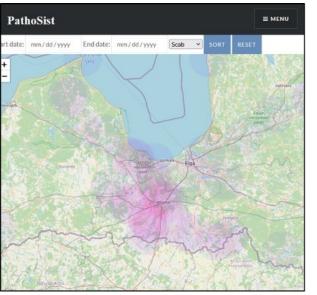
PathoSist v0.5.0.1app

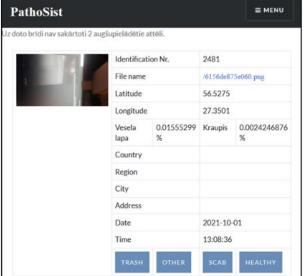






Crowdsourcing system





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Still in progress

Still in progress

- Hyperspectral imaging;
 - Different plant species;
 - Different pathogens;
 - New data set with hyperspectral images;
 - Al for hyperspectral images;

Still in progress

"New idea born in Paris"



OS THANK YOU

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Questions or suggestions?